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Venezuela faces attempt against legitimate Government, Prosecutor says

Caracas, 31 Mar. AVN.- An attempt to overthrow a legitimate government elected by most of the Venezuelan people, headed by Nicolas Maduro, is carried out by far right violent groups that make riots in municipalities chaired by opposition mayors in the country, said Venezuelan prosecutor Luisa Ortega Diaz.

Interviewed at a private TV station last Sunday, the Prosecutor stated that the violent actions carried out over the last month are part of a plan to overthrow the constitutional government of President Nicolas Maduro.

"We are witnessing an attempt against the legitimately elected Government. There has been violence to overthrow the Government through unconstitutional means," she affirmed.

The Prosecutor said likewise that "aggressions correspond to irresponsible calls on behalf of political groups that aim at creating chaos in the country, sowing violence as a mean to be known and with objectives but unfortunately it's not the way to achieve them. And they use those means to seize power, to get public posts."

A total 39 people have died resulting from violence fostered by far right groups in Venezuela. Also, 525 people have been injured and 164 are under arrest for their involvement in various crimes, detailed Ortega Diaz. In order to face these violent actions that started with a disproportionate attack to the seat of the Public Ministry, she added, members of this institution are working day by day to achieve justice.

"On February 12th, we were victims of an aggression against the Public Ministry and officials of the institution. Fortunately, we have an institution that has strengthened, matured, grown and this allowed us to assume this problems strongly, calmly and firmly."

About 800 Public Ministry workers were at risk of losing their life during that day of attacks, added Ortega Diaz. However, she said that "We were able to adopt a series of measures to guarantee the safety of our workers and their children."

Nine out of ten Venezuelans reject violent actions

Caracas, 31 Mar. AVN.- Nine out of ten Venezuelans reject violent actions unleashed by sectors of the far right since 12 February and believe in the vote to decide the fate of the country, according to recent surveys conducted across the country, said journalist Jose Vicente Rangel in his Sunday analysis TV show.

He said that only one in 10 people agree with immediate departure of President Nicolas Maduro and the rest considered that any decision must go through elections.

He added that people bet on stability and hope, not on chaos or uncertainty. He emphasized that the Bolivarian Revolution has broad popular support but should reduce levels of uncertainty, especially in the economic field.

Rangel also talked about the latest survey of the Hinterlaces polling firm, which states that 68% of citizens have a favorable opinion of the Peace Conference led by the president to foster dialog between different sectors of the country, while only 26% have an unfavorable opinion.

The research also found that 56% have an unfavorable opinion of the opposition parties versus 31% favorable.

The survey, which covered 1,200 interviews between 18 and 23 March, also showed perception of media outlets, and said that 59% of people rely more on national, regional and international television to find out recent events in the country, 12% in newspapers, 8.9 % in Twitter, 7% in Internet websites, 4% in radio and 3% in Facebook.

Trust in Government

Rangel spoke of the International Consulting Services (ICS) study from 10 to 16 March, with 1,400 interviews, which found that 63.3% of people have confidence that the government will solve the country's problems in areas such as supply, security, and inflation, and that 55.8% would vote for Maduro if elections were held today compared to 33.7% who would vote for an opposition candidate.

In addition, 87.1% considered as violent street actions (aka guarimbas) convened by sectors of the right, while 84% have a positive opinion of the Peace Conference convened by President Nicolas Maduro.



Senator Marco Rubio lied to the U.S. Congress regarding Venezuela with a photo

Caracas, 31 Mar. RNV.- U.S. Senator Marco Rubio shamelessly lied in the Congress of his country by presenting a 2013 photo that shows the Venezuelan military personnel guarding the Miraflores Palace in Caracas, as if it was an image of snipers who had acted in the province state of Tachira against protesters.

Rubio exposed before the U.S. Senate an alleged report on the situation in Venezuela full of inaccuracies, falsehoods and glaring lies such as the aforementioned photograph, a fact that anywhere in the world would be considered as a felony for having accomplished it at a public hearing of an official institution.

The original image was taken in Caracas by photographer Juan Barreto of the French agency AFP, on November 19, 2013, the day when President Nicolas Maduro was given special powers by the National Assembly through the Enabling Act.

Based on the alleged report that included the manipulated photo, Marco Rubio asked the U.S. Senate to impose sanctions against Venezuela.

Rubio, a Republican senator from Florida, is a bitter enemy of Venezuela and its democratic government, and constantly attacks the country with interventionist statements.

Latin America counts on organizations to defend its democracy

Caracas, 31 Mar. AVN.- Latin America counts today on organizations that defend, without double standards, the values of democracy and peace in these countries, affirmed Venezuelan foreign minister Elias Jaua on Monday.

Jaua said this fact was confirmed in the labor carried out by a commission of foreign ministers of the Union of South American Nations (UNASUR), last March 25-26.

The UNASUR commission aimed at supporting and accompanying peace talks set up by the National Government in response to riots staged by violent groups of the Venezuelan far right over last month.

Interviewed by private TV station Globovision, the Venezuelan foreign minister said UNASUR's labor boosted a climate of confidence in the country.

Now, Jaua added, it is expected a positive reaction on behalf of opposition groups that have refused to dialog despite the repeated call made by President Nicolas Maduro.

Jaua added that while UNASUR member states support dialog as guarantee of stability and peace in Venezuela, the United States -through Department of State spokespeople- support violent groups and sectors that refuse to take part on the National Peace Conference.



Eurolat Parliamentarians in solidarity with Venezuela

Athens, 1 Apr. RNV.- Left wing Parliamentarians from Europe and Latin America (EUROLAT) expressed their support for the Bolivarian Government, against the attempts of a coup d'etat and the fascist actions of the Venezuelan right wing.

The overwhelming support of the Members was reflected in the Athens Statement, issued at the Seventh Plenary Session of the Parliamentary Assembly of Europe and Latin America, held in Greece.

Lawmakers also condemned the meddling statements of U.S. Secretary of State, John Kerry, against Venezuelan democracy.

Similarly, European and Latin American parliamentarians supported the peace initiative of President Nicolas Maduro and the work of the foreign ministers of UNASUR in Venezuela, to promote political dialogue in the country.

The Eurolat statement was signed by parliamentarians Willy Meyer of the European Parliament (Spain), Co-Chairman of the Eurolat; Raul Romeva from the European Parliament (Spain), Helmut Scholz from the European Parliament (Germany); Florisvaldo Fier from the Congress of Brazil; Leonel Bucaro, president of the Latin American component of Eurolat, Pedro de la Cruz, President of the Andean Parliament; Rodrigo Cabezas, Co-chairman for the Economic Commission of EUROLAT; Carlos Baraybar, President of the Social Committee of Eurolat; Roy Daza, Latin American Parliament; Patricio Zambrano of the Andean Parliament; Silvia Salgado of the Andean Parliament; José María Carrión of the National Assembly of Ecuador; Fidel Surco, of the National Assembly of Bolivia; Julio Salazar, of the National Assembly of Bolivia; Raul Garabito of the National Assembly of Bolivia; Alberto Adrianzen of the Congress of Peru; Raul Patiño of the Andean Parliament; Hilaria Supa Huaman, of the Congress of Peru; Blanca Noem'i Coto of the National Assembly of Salvador; Gloria Flórez of the Andean Parliament; Maria de los Angeles Higonet, of the Congress of Argentina; and Doreen Javier Ibarra of the Congress of Uruguay.

Venezuelan Supreme Court Upholds Machado's Removal from Office

Santa Elena de Uairén April 1st, 2014 (venezuelanalysis.com)-- Yesterday evening, the Supreme Court of Venezuela ruled to uphold the removal of former deputy of the National Assembly (AN), Maria Corina Machado. Assembly president Diosdado Cabello called for her dismissal last week, though the power to pass such verdict ultimately belonged to the Supreme Court. The final decision was based on Machado's violation of articles 191 and 197 of the constitution as they apply to Assembly members. The articles indicate that no member may accept employment from any foreign government without previous approval from parliament.

Though Machado claimed it was temporary appointment, she accepted a seat as an alternate Ambassador of Panama in a meeting of the Organization of American States (OAS) in Washington, on March 21st.

Upon learning the verdict yesterday evening, Machado summoned her supporters to rally for "Popular Sovereignty" at 12 PM today in Brión Plaza, in downtown Caracas. Machado has asserted that her expulsion has no parallel in Venezuelan history and further proves that the country is under dictatorship.

Late last night she tweeted, "Tomorrow I will attend the National Assembly and exercise my right, even with the risks involved. I am deputy of the Assembly and I will be as long as the people want me to. I was elected by the people of Venezuela."

Machado was elected into office in 2010 through the same electoral system that elected president Nicolas Maduro in April of 2013. She denounced the latter victory as having been achieved by fraudulent and undemocratic means.

In preparation for today's demonstration, Machado warned protestors of the likelihood of mass arrest. Incidentally, Machado has been under criminal investigation for incitement of violent protest that has resulted in an estimated \$10 billion dollars in damage nationwide.

A pro-government Assembly member, Elvis Amoroso, today communicated that he'd been presented with a document signed by over 2,000 citizens from different social groups accusing Machado of encouraging unconstitutional activity to remove democratically elected president Maduro from office and calling for her arrest. Hundreds of government supporters marched today in front of the district attorney's office in Guarico state, and others congregated around Parliament in the city center.



What, When, Where, Who, How, Why

by Luis Britto García. Caracas, 01 Abr. AVN.- WHAT

Minority party Voluntad Popular intends to replace the legitimately elected President with "the exit" to a "Transition Government" not elected by anyone. On February 12th, it calls for a demonstration "against insecurity" at the Office of Public Prosecution, which ends in an attempt to set fire to the building, vehicles burnt down and shooting that causes two deaths and thirty injured. Terrorist groups block roads and kidnap vehicles, destroy over fifty mass transport buses, sabotage power stations, destroy the seats of 15 universities, loot, take tolls and shoot to death security officers and neighbors who try to restore roads.

WHEN

After bolivarians won 76.42 per cent of mayor's offices on December elections, reaching 256 out of 335 municipalities. After the Government granted USD 60 billion at an official rate to businesspeople for vital imports, which they squander in fictitious imports. After mass hoardings on behalf of dealers who create strategic shortages. After the Government faced the economic war with a Law on Fair Prices that banned usual corporate profits of 200%, 300%, 1,500% and even 15,000%.

WHERE

In 19, then 9 and finally 1 middle class municipalities governed by opposition mayors, whose local police bodies protect those who kidnap neighbors until a rule of the Supreme Court banned it (there are not blocked roads at Country Club or La Lagunita). In bordering states, spread with paramilitary infiltrates, scenarios of a secessionist project.

WHO

International media presents them as students. There are some, sent in front line to provide victims. But there are a few out of 79% of young people between 14 and 24 years old who study; out of 67% who does it in free institutions, out of 90% who thinks that studying give many or a lot of opportunities, out of 73% who thinks that the bolivarian participatory democracy is the best system; out of 60% who thinks that the best economic system is socialism (GIS XXI pollster). Only a third of the arrested violent people are students. Out of five armed people arrested by watchmen at Venezuela's Central University (UCV), none of them belonged to that institution and only one was a student.

HOW

Going from the "peaceful" demonstration to kidnapping neighbors massively, looting, taking tolls, burning things down, destroying 15 free universities, poisoning fresh water reserves with gas oil and murdering. Generously allotting USD 1,338,331 that according to its annual report NED allocated to Venezuela in 2012, plus the flood of foreign currency last and this year and those channeled through NGO financed with them. Hiring killers, paramilitary officers and scourges of slums who, being arrested, confessed to have charged a thousand bolivares per day. Forming an alliance with 87 IAPA newspapers and five global media corporations against Venezuela.

WHY

Because Venezuela has the world's biggest hydrocarbon reserves and controls its own industry. Because it uses its resources to achieve the highest levels of equality and human development in the region. Because it fosters multipolar diplomacy and continental alliances as ALBA, UNASUR and CELAC, opposed to the United States' interventionism. Because after the gross failures in Syria and Crimea, the United States wants revenge with the big deal offered by opponents but which resulted a hard nut to crack. Because after losing 18 out of 19 indisputable elections, the opposition seeks to take away with a coup d'état, terrorism and foreign intervention what it has not been able to win with votes.



“Terrorists” Attack to Housing Mission and Preschool in Venezuela

Merida, 2nd April 2014 (Venezuelanalysis.com) – The headquarters of the Venezuelan government's housing mission and an adjacent pre-school have been attacked by anti-government groups, according to authorities.

Over one thousand workers were evacuated from the housing mission's main offices, after the building was engulfed in flames on Tuesday afternoon. The building is located in the Chacao municipality of Caracas, where anti-government blockades and protests have been a regular affair since mid-February. According to Minister for Housing Ricardo Molina, the blaze started after a “group of terrorists attacked the front of the building, breaking the windows”. The attackers then “threw petrol bombs and set fire to the building”, the minister told state broadcaster VTV. “Our workers were at risk of dying...which shows the level of insanity and fascism that these violent groups have reached,” Molina stated.

In the early evening Vice President Jorge Arreaza announced that the fire had been brought under control by the fire fighters and the National Guard (GNB). Among the evacuees were 89 children from an adjacent pre-school, used by government workers. Arreaza stated that the children were aged between 6 months and three years of age.

The vice president labelled the attackers “guarimberos”, a term which refers to those creating disturbances, and is currently used to describe opposition groups who have erected barricades in the streets of at least six of Venezuela's major cities in the last two months.

The GNB has made 27 arrests in connection to the attack. While announcing the arrests, GNB Regional Command head Manuel Quevedo slammed Caracas police for “complete absence” in neighborhoods where the arrests were made by soldiers.

“In the cases of Baruta and Chacao municipalities, there is no authority, violent [people] stroll about comfortably ... [including] the same people that we have fully identified at the site of the act,” Quevedo stated.

The Attorney General's office and the criminal investigation body CICPC are conducting further investigations, according to Quevedo. “These are people who want to create a feeling of chaos in Caracas,” Quevedo stated.

The housing mission is one of the Venezuelan government's largest social projects. Launched in 2011, the mission aims to construct 3 million homes by 2019. Venezuelans living below minimum wage are eligible to receive free housing under the mission, while low income families receive heavy government subsidies for the homes.

The housing minister stated that preliminary estimates of damages from Tuesday's attack equal the construction costs of 190 housing units.

On Tuesday night, President Nicolas Maduro condemned the attack, and called on opposition political parties to engage in peace talks. “Those who want peace are willing to talk any day, any time,” Maduro stated.



Fire fighters with an evacuated child.



The fire on Tuesday afternoon



Ecuador's Parliament backs Venezuelan government

Caracas, 02 Abr. AVN.- The Parliament of Ecuador issued on Tuesday a statement to support the government of Venezuela when faced with the claims of the right, whose violent actions have left more than 30 dead.

The agreement was endorsed with 74 votes in favor, 19 against and three abstentions, reported Telesur website.

"The text aims to support the strengthening of democracy in Venezuela through roundtable discussions and respecting the will of the people who elected Nicolas Maduro as president," says Telesur.

The document also backs efforts of the foreign ministers of the Union of South American Nations (Unasur), who visited Venezuela last week to promote dialog mechanisms in the country.

After their stay in the country, they condemned "any attempt to break the constitutional order" in the country. Likewise, they recognized "the opening-up and willingness of the President of the Republic to adopt the given recommendations, and it especially celebrates the willingness of agreeing a good faith witness who helps talks among all parties."

In the discussion of the document, MPs also rejected media attacks fostered by international media, which seek to undermine the domestic situation, Prensa Latina said.

Man Wanted by Interpol Arrested at Opposition Barricades, two terrorists capture near Caracas



Merida, 2 April 2014 (Venezuelanalysis.com and AVN) – One of the ten people most wanted by Interpol in Spain was arrested in San Cristobal, while leading disturbances there, according to National Bolivarian Police (PNB) state coordinator, Yolmar Garcia.

Garcia said that the man, Gabriel Reyes, 24, Venezuelan, was detained in San Cristobal when police were clearing the roads. Reyes was charged with drug smuggling, criminal association, closing roads, and civil disorder in Court 3 of the public prosecutor and the 5th Control Tribunal. Internal affairs minister Miguel Rodriguez said the arrest of Reyes "reveals the relationship between drug smuggling, and other organised crime with the violent protests".

Two alleged terrorists were arrested after attacks in Santa Fe neighborhood, Miranda state near Caracas, by the intelligence squad of the Bolivarian National Police (PNB). The suspects were identified as Akl Sfeir Richard (48) and Akl Khoury Chamel (36), and were captured in a bulletproof Toyota Land Cruiser, informed PNB assistant director Eduardo Contreras. Contreras told the media that two police officers were injured during the arrest, one of them was shot in the leg and the other in the face.

Inside the truck were found packages with tacks, oil and tear gas; one Glock .40 caliber handgun and 56 blank cartridges; a 50-centimeters long homemade explosive device; three bulletproof vests and four anti-gas masks; two night sights; balaclavas; two oil drums of about 20 liters each; a knife; two grenades; four cell phones and a satellite phone. "We also found a portable radio, a suitcase with dehydrated food and the armored car was equipped with GPD and two cameras, one at the front and another at the rear," Contreras said. Finally, Contreras commented that there is information about several vehicles with the same characteristics in Caracas.

The vehicle was "equipped with special compartments in order to spread caltrops [spiked hoses to puncture tires] and petrol onto public roads, which is a type of terrorism that we have seen in recent days," said Internal Affairs Minister Miguel Rodriguez.



Students deliver document rejecting violence in universities

Caracas, 02 Abr. AVN.- On Wednesday, several revolutionary student movements handed a document to the Ombudsman rejecting vandalism in different academic institutions which has caused the suspension of education activities.

"The right to education cannot be used as political banner to destabilize the country, we cannot allow them to continue to use our facilities to try to generate crisis and chaos," said student leader Kevin Avila, from the headquarters of the Ombudsman.

In this regard, they requested the said agency to initiate an investigation against the rector of the Central University of Venezuela, Cecilia Garcia Arocha, for acts of violence committed within that campus.

Avila said students will continue to fight for "their right to education not to be violated."

The fascist actions conducted by the Venezuelan right since last February 12 have left as a result 30 people dead, over 300 injured and extensive damage to public spaces and institutions in several states.

The events that began on February 12 have a clear objective: to undermine governance of the Bolivarian Revolution, and to do that, opposition groups have created a media campaign covered by major media corporations, who make use of different strategies when speaking of Venezuela to enlarge the conflict, when this is caused by a minority.

Unasur delegation to return Venezuela April 7

Caracas, 02 Abr. AVN.- The delegation of foreign ministers of the Union of South American Nations (UNASUR) will return Venezuela on April 7 and 8 to participate in the national peace conference promoted by President Nicolas Maduro, reported Telesur network.

Ecuador's Foreign Minister Ricardo Patiño confirmed the attendance of representatives of the regional body to Caracas on his Twitter account @RicardoPatinoEC.

"Unasur Commission of Foreign Ministers will return to Caracas next week to make progress in peace talks," Patiño wrote.

The creation of this commission was approved on March 12 in Santiago, Chile, to accompany, support and advise the peace talks convened by the Bolivarian Government which include anti-government sectors.

The Unasur commission made its first appearance at the national peace conference on March 25 and 26.

Foreign ministers of Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Bolivia, Suriname, and Uruguay gave last Wednesday night their conclusions to Venezuelan president Nicolas Maduro, in Miraflores Presidential Palace, Caracas, after two days of meetings with students, businesspeople, religious communities and political groups.

After their stay in the country, they condemned the violent actions promoted by the Venezuelan right-wing spokesmen that have left a toll of 39 killed and hundreds injured as well as property losses. They also condemned "any attempt to break the constitutional order" in the country.

In a statement they recognized "the opening-up and willingness of the President of the Republic to adopt the given recommendations, and it especially celebrates the willingness of agreeing a good faith witness who helps talks among all parties."



Opposition Forcing “Silent Strike” in Some Venezuelan Universities and schools

Merida, 3rd April 2014 (Venezuelanalysis.com) – University authorities in the Central University of Venezuela (UCV) and other key autonomous universities are “creating the conditions” for a “silent” or forced strike, according to Jennifer Mujica, a UCV student representative.

Mujica told VTV that the UCV council had suspended classes since opposition groups began destabilising actions in mid-February. Almost two months of lost classes in addition to around five months lost between May and September last year when the opposition aligned university union called a strike, affecting around 15% of the total higher education population.

Mujica said that the university rector, Cecilia Garcia Arocha had finished her elected term in 2012, and “she shouldn’t be in the UCV”. Garcia is known to support the far right of the opposition. Garcia “has done what she feels like and she hasn’t modified the regulations within the university to make it more egalitarian for everyone, with the benefits we deserve,” Mujica stated. She said elections of the university authorities should be held in May, “but they said that the conditions weren’t right for it, and that extends their state of illegitimacy even longer”.

Mujica also alleged that some university lecturers and teachers were being “attacked” by rightwing students. “There’s political persecution. The professors who are teaching, their names are being published on a list that says they are Chavista, just because they want to guarantee the right to education to the students,” she said.

Two UCV students were injured this afternoon during violent protests by opposition groups, according to the Correo del Orinoco (CdO). Social work students told CdO that a group of around 40 people, armed with Molotovs, tubes, bottles, and “at least five pistols” had attacked university buildings after an opposition march. One of the students, Wenderly Conde, said the group took various hostages and shouted, “We’re going to burn all the Chavistas, we’re not going to let them live” at the social work students.

A similar situation of forced strike is taking place in the University of Los Andes (ULA), which, like the UCV, is one of Venezuela’s largest and oldest universities. The ULA has remained closed despite the fact that remaining blockades in Merida city are not located near the university.

“The ULA has lent itself to support the strategy of destabilising the government, they were among the first to call for supposedly peaceful marches,” ULA education student Caribay Rangel told Venezuelanalysis.com

60,000 students at the University of Carabobo (UC) have also been unable to study, and a few other autonomous universities around the country have also remained closed. All government run universities, such as the UNEFA and the UBV are open. On Monday UC rectors called for the resumption of academic activity, but said no evaluations or attendance taking would be allowed. According to the Bolivarian student movement, 25% of students went to class, but returned home when their teachers didn’t turn up. UC student Willian Rodriguez accused the authorities of a “conspiratorial plan against the national government, using the university”.

On Monday a school in Barquisimeto was attacked. Unknown people chained up all its doors and sprayed graffiti on its walls saying “If you open, it [the school] will be burnt. There are no classes”. Two schools in Baruta, Caracas, have also been forced to stay closed.



Petrocaribe discusses in Caracas plan to eliminate hunger, poverty

Caracas, 03 Abr. AVN.- Members of the energy integration bloc Petrocaribe hold a meeting in Caracas on Thursday to discuss a plan of actions to eliminate hunger and poverty in the region.

The encounter is also attended by FAO Regional Representative for Latin America and the Caribbean Raúl Osvaldo Benitez, who stressed the role played by most of governments in the region for the benefit of their people.

Precisely Latin American and Caribbean countries have taken significant steps to eradicate hunger and poverty, Mr. Benitez noted.

"Latin American and Caribbean countries must feel proud of advancing more in matters of fighting hunger and poverty. The biggest group of countries recognized in this connection is in Latin America and the Caribbean," he remarked prior a meeting held in Caracas.

In addition, the FAO representative said that this battle must be analyzed beyond "having or placing a dish on a table."

An example of it has been given by Venezuela, Benitez stressed, since this nation has worked in programs to solve problems of the most vulnerable sectors and conditions to eliminate problems as extreme poverty.

Last year, FAO recognized Venezuela and other 15 countries for successfully achieved the goal of eradicating hunger in the country before 2015.

Over 100 families received the keys to their homes in Caracas



Caracas, 03 Abr. AVN.- On Thursday, 124 families, who were homeless, received the keys to their apartments in Caracas. These apartments were built by the Government of the Capital District and the Mayorality of the Libertador municipality, through the Great Housing Mission Venezuela (GMVV).

The Minister of State for the Urban Transformation of Greater Caracas Ernesto Villegas said that the Bolivarian Revolution makes these homes available to the humblest that would have to pay them at speculative prices under a capitalist system.

He explained that the apartments have three bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, living room and are equipped with electrical appliances and white goods.

"No terrorist action will prevent the people from being on the streets ruling and making revolution. These homes represent the key to the future that is given to a family to start a new life in community," he told state media.

The event was also attended by Maj. Gen. Francisco Vilela, director general of the Presidential Commission for Refugees, who said that delivery of these homes completed the closure of 18 shelters in the capital region.

In one of these shelters Villarroel family used to live. Now they have received from Minister Villegas the key to their apartment located in the Caracas neighborhood.

"We spent 3 years and 4 months in the shelter, we lost our home because of the heavy rains and Commander Hugo Chavez promised us that we would receive a decent home and today this dream came true. We overcame (all troubles) and moved on," said Nelson Villarroel being in the company of his wife Lismar Hernandez, and their three daughters, aged 3, 8 and 12.